he and his wife, Ellen, were named National Parents of the Year by the Association of the Severely Handicapped. Don's activism—always ardent and constructive—extended into several areas of social concernsports, conservation, water pollution, Democratic party politics, among others. He taught himself to become an expert wind-surfer, and loved many water sports, both as an observer and a participant.

Yet Don will not be remembered most for his social activism or his many academic accomplishments. It will be for his status as a man, a most humane and loving person.

Certainly not least, Don Hadwiger's death was the cause of much anguish and sadness to his colleagues in the Department of Political Science, and those of us elsewhere. He was a splendid colleague, mentor and friend; to say that he is already greatly missed would be a grievous understatement. His passing brought tears; his life brought us joy.

Ross Talbot Ardith Maney Iowa State University William Browne Central Michigan University

William R. Kintner

William R. Kintner, 81, a soldier, scholar, diplomat, author, and professor emeritus of political science at the University of Pennsylvania, died on February 1 after a long bout with cancer.

Born in Lock Haven, PA, Kintner graduated from West Point in 1940 with a B.A. and a commission as second lieutenant. He continued his education at Georgetown, where he took an M.A. and a Ph.D.; his doctoral dissertation, *The Front is Everywhere*, a study of the Soviet Communist Party, was published in 1950.

Kintner retired from the Army in 1961 at the rank of colonel. At the time, he held various posts within the Office of the Chief of Research and Development and the strategy analysis coordination group for the Army's Chief of Staff. He also had earned a Bronze Star and a Legion of Merit, both with oak leaf clusters.

When he retired, Kintner was appointed professor of political science

at the University of Pennsylvania. During his tenure, he was active in the Foreign Policy Research Institute (FPRI), where he served as deputy director from 1961, and became director in 1969. In 1970 Kintner was to oversee the separation of the Institute from the University as Penn implemented a policy prohibiting classfied research, which was applicable to some FPRI research on arms control.

In 1973, Kintner left his post as director to become then-President Ford's ambassador to Thailand. He had the task of securing Thai support for a war that the United States was leaving. He returned to Philadelphia in 1975 to assume the position of president of FPRI. A highlight of his achievements was orchestrating a joint project with the Soviet Institute for the Study of the United States and Canada that permitted annual exchanges of top nongovernmental scholars and analysis despite the Cold War. Retiring from the Institute in 1985, he served on the board of directors of the United States Institute for Peace.

Kintner authored many books, including Forging a New Sword with Joseph Coffey and Raymond Albright; A Forward Strategy for America with Robert Strauss-Hupé and Stephan Possony; and Soviet Global Strategy. He also published in Esquire, National Review, Reader's Digest and the New Leader. His last book, The Role of Ancient Israel, subtitled A Swedenborglan Perspective, was published in 1996.

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Nicholas A. Masters

Nicholas A. Masters, 67, a former political science professor and Capitol Hill aide who was legislative affairs director of the Belew Law Firm in Washington, DC, died of a heart attack November 3 in Alexandria, VA.

Masters worked for the House Budget Committee from 1974 to 1993, serving as majority staff director and special assistant to the chairman of the committee. Earlier, he worked as an aide to Sen. Philip Hart (D-Mich.), as a legislative consultant to the Joint Committee on the Organization of Congress and as staff director of the Joint Committee on Congressional Operations. He became a legislative consultant to the law firm of Winston and Strom in 1993, then joined Belew.

Between 1955 and 1974, he was a professor of political science at Pennsylvania State and Southern Illinois universities and also taught at Wayne State and Washington universities.

Masters was a native of Carbondale, Ill. He served in the Navy in Guam during World War II. He was a graduate of Southern Illinois University, where he also received a master's degree in political science. He received a doctorate in political science at the University of Wisconsin.

He was a research consultant to former Harvard University president James B. Conant on a project on education in the United States; coauthor of a book, "State Politics and Public Schools"; and author of "The Greater Powers of the Presidency." He also wrote for scholarly journals.

Adapted from The Washington Post

John H. Millett

John H. Millett, emeritus professor of political science at Wichita State University, died January 26th at age 77 in Sarosota, Florida, following complications from heartbypass surgery. A native of Wheaton, Illinois, John earned his Phi Beta Kappa key at Beloit College where he received his B.A. in 1940. He took a M.A. in public administration from the University of Cincinnati in 1942. Following service as an army captain in Korea during World War II, John enrolled at the University of Illinois where he received the Ph.D. in 1950.

John's first full-time teaching position was at the University of Rochester (1948–1957) where he taught, among other courses, upper-division classes in public administration. Why would John Millett teach public administration? He did because Rochester hired him for that. As John would remind colleagues with grim humor, his dissertation, after all, was